

THE EVENING CRITIC.



FOURTEENTH YEAR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1882.

NUMBER 4,128.

AMUSEMENTS.

NATIONAL THEATRE. TO-NIGHT AT S.

The Trancellan. LAWRENCE BARRETT.

. TO-NIGHT AT S, AT POPULAR PRICES,

King of the Commons and David Garrick. HAMLET

Saturday Matinee RICHELIEU Saturday Evening RICHARD III. Monday rext-The Great Realistic and Spectacu-lar Drama, "The World,"

RORD'S OPERA-HOUSE.

THE GREAT BOSTON IDEAUS. LIST OF PRINCIPALS: ne, Geraldine Ulmar, Adelaide Phillipa L.W. H. Fessenden, H. C. Barnabee Whitney, George Frothingham, G. Lizzle Burton and W. H. McDonald REPERTOIRE.

CZAR AND CARPENTER
HOHEMIAN GIRL Sale of Seats at box-office.
January 23-THE TRAGEDY QUEEN, JAN-USCHER.

FORD'S OPERA-HOUSE. EXTRA CARD. The Engagement of the Greatest Living Trage-

JANAUSCHEK

Thursday THE WINTER'S TALE

THE FIRST CONCERT

BY THE

BY THE

AMATEUR ORCHESTRA OF GEORGETOWN,

D. C.

Will be given THURSDAY EVENING HEXT,

January 19, at

CUPTIS: HALL.

Admission 50 cents, Reserved seats, 25 cts. extra.

PROGRAMME: R. C. BERNAYS, Conductor.

Oscar Wilde, Oscar Wilde,

A BNER'S MUSIC HALL, E STREET,

OPTOSITE GOVERNMENT POST-OFFICE.

The regular Concert Season having closed, the undersigned takes pleasure to announce to the public that the above spacious hall is being renovated, and is now for rent at reasonable rates for Rails. Concerts. Thearircal Performances, Lectures, Public Meetings, Receptions, &c. In connection with the main shall there is a large dining room, accommodating 20 people, attacked the control of the control of the state of the control of the onifort.
For terms and other particulars, apply to
ED. ABNER.

PILES! PILES! PILES! A Sure Cure Found at Last! No One Need Suffer!

A Sure Cure Found at Last: Ac One Need Suffer!

A Bure Cure for Bitnd, Bleeding, Riching, and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr. William (an Indian remedy), called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of 25 or 30 years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wenderful soothing medicine. Lottons, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorts the tumors, allays the intense tiching (particularly at night after geiting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Files, tiching of the private parts, and for nothing else. Bend what the Hon. 3. M. Coffinberry, of Cieveland, says about Dr. William's Indian File Ointment; 'Y Inve used scores of File Cures, and it affords me pleasure to say that,'I have never found anything which gave me such lim.

and it affords me pleasure to say that I have never found anything which gave me such immediate and permanent relief as Dr. William's Indian Pile Oliment."

For sale by all druggiets or maited on receipt of price, \$1.00.

HENRY & CO., Prop'rs,
CLEVELAND, O.
STOTT & CROMWELL, 450 Peansylvania Avenue, Washington, D. ., General Agents.

decs-tham.

WASHINGTON STOCK EXCHANGE.

WANHINGTON STUCK EACHANGE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3, 1882.

The members of the Washington Stock Exchange desire to call the attention of the public to the investment securities of the District of Columbia.

Many of these securities are selling, when compared with others, tar below their roal value, and offer inducements to investors that should not be overlooked.

These securities are actively dealt in atour Exchange, where they can be bought and solid, through the Members, to the best advantage and at the lowest rates of commission.

The following securities are on the list:
Government Bends.

Permanent Improvements 6s, 1891, Currency.

Market Stock 7s, 1892, Currency.

Permanent Improvements 7s, 1891, Currency,
Market Stock 7s, 1892, Currency,
Water Stock 7s, 1901, Currency,
Water Stock 7s, 1903, Currency,
Water Stock 7s, 1903, Currency,
Fifty Years' Funding 5s, 1924, Currency,
Twenty Years' Funding 5s, 1924, Currency,
Twenty Years' Funding 6s, 1902, Coin,
Thirty Years' Funding 6s, 1892, Coin,
Washington City 6ss Light Company,
Washington City 6ss Light Company,
Frenklin Insurance Company,
Frenklin Insurance Company,
Matropolitan Insurance Company,
National Union Insurance Company,
Arlington Insurance Company,
Arlington Insurance Company, dional Union Insurance Com-lington Insurance Company, reorum Insurance Company, lumbia Insurance Company.

orth Capitol and O Street. ard of Public Works, Green Ss. asonic Hall Londs. tasonic Hall Conds.
(ational Theatre Bonds.
Vashington Market Company Stock.
Vashington Market Company Bonds.
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National Bank

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irginia Deferred, January and July.
irginia Consolidated, July.
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J. S. Brown.
S. E. Middleton,
F. E. Middleton,
F. E. Middleton,
O. C. Green,
W. H. Turnor.
Jay Cooko,
Jacob W. Ker.
Peter Campbell,
B. F. Grafton. corge H. B. White. L. D. Cook, Jr. C. Glover, hn W. Thompson, W. Middleton

A. E. BATEMAN, Secretary. 14-47

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE REAL ESTATE TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE DISTRICT OF INCORPORATED December 5, 1831. CAPITAL, \$250,000.

B. BEALS, Secretary. I. I. Joursson, Vice-President. E. F. Rinos. Treasurer.

Having purchased all the Title Records of M. Ashford, and Johnson and Beale, (comprising a complete abstract of titles to all city rest estate), will, on and after February 1, 1882, issue policies of mean and after February 1, 1882, issue policies of mean ashford warranty of title to real estate either in a parchaser, tensies or mortgages. Will also besse certificates quarantecing the absolute accuracy of abstracts of title and in general will trained all business relative to the investment of and trainer of titles to real estate in the District of Columbia.

OFFICES: | Gunton Building, 472 La. ave., and 411 Fatreet b. w.

TRUSTEES:
Charles C. Duncauson,
Richard W. Tyler,
Janac L. Johnson,
George F. Schafer,
Jan. PIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, THIR teenth atreet, between G and H north west, Rev. Mr. Filippo, of Alexandria, will preach (D. V.) to-night at 7:20. Rev. Dr. Faunce, of E Street Church to-inorrow night. Welcome for all

GRAND CONVENTION TO DAY OF frage Association at Lincoln Hall. Three sessions daily, at 10:30 s. m., and 2:30 p. m., and 7:45 p. m. Morning sesions free.

DIRECT IMPORTATION OF CHOICE MENICAN CIGARS, will be opened Monday, January 16, at noon, "OLE VIRGINNY" TOBACCO STORE. 515 Seventh street n w.

W. H. MORRISON BEGS LEAVE TO annuance his GRAND DISPLAY NEW YEAR'S AND RECEPTION CARDS

PANCY HOLIDAY GOODS. The public are cordally invited to examine them. The largest and handsomest stock of Physics and Envelopes in Boyes I have ever had I have just opened, and now offer for sale. Children's books in paper covers and bandsomely bound, and at prices to suit all.

W. H. MORRISON.

It all. W. H. MORRISON, Law Bookseller and Stationer, 475 Penna. ave. n. w. no0-tf

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT.
AND 741 SEVENTH STREET. A RABE OPPORTUNITY POR THE PROPITABLE INVESTMENT OF CAPITAL—The Goodenough Silver Mining Company, of Washington, D. C., is now fully organized with a capital stock of \$1,00,000, divided into 100,000 hardes of \$40 ach.

THOS SOMERVILLE, NOBLED, LARNER, R. W. TYLER, C. P. CULVERI, L. J. JOHNSON, W. H. BAUM, R. L. BISCOF, A. M. BRANDT, GEO, TRUESDELL, C. C. DUNCANSON.

GEO. TRUESDELL.

C. C. DUNCANSON.

OFFICERS.

THOMAS SOMERN VILLE. President.
C. HARLES P. CULVER, Vice-President.
N. D. LARNER. Secretary and Treasurer.
C. P. CULVER, Superintendent at the Mines.
The Goodenough Silver Mine is located in what is known as the "Pioneer Mining District." Pinal County, Arizona Territory. The trustees candidently believe that this stock will prove a profitable investment, and do not healtate in commonding it to their friends.

Prospective containing full particulars of the mine, together with certified assessed to the ores of the Smithsonian Institute; P. A. Brown, assayer and superintendent of the "Specie-Paying Mining Co.," Professor Ottokar Hofman, metallurgist and mining engineer, "Silver King Mining-Co.," and Mr. George Aitkin, mining engineer and superintendent at the Tombstone Mines, Arizona, will be cheerfully irruished on application to any of the officers of the company.

Subscriptions to the stock of the company will be received apecially by:

Thee, Somerville, No. 228 F st. n. w.

C. P. Chiver, No 2635 D st. n. w.

Tyler & Rutherford, No. 628 F st. n. w.

C. P. Chiver, No 2635 D st. n. w.

and by other members of the Board of Trustees if called upon.

DANCING.—PROFESSOR SHELDON IS now teaching the five-step walts and lawn-tennis quadrilles. Particulars at hall, 1804 P, or residence, 919 12th st. northwest. FRED'K PREUND, CATERER AND CON-FECTIONER.
702 Ninth street n. w. Parties and Weddings served at abort notice.

STOVES, FURNACES, BANGES, &c. Tin plates, sheetlron work, fireplacestoves, ranges formers repaired. The roofing, spouting, and all kinds of tin work promptly attended to. Send your order to

R. H. G. BOUIS, Bread buy "OUR NEW SOUTH!" It is sure to please. For sale by all first-class Grocers, and wholessie by

and wholessie by
W. H. TENNEY & SONS,
Dealers in Flour, Feed, Corn. Oats, Hay, Straw.ac.
CAPTOL MILLS
West Washington, D. C. THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the LeDroit Park Building Company, for the election of officers and the transaction of any business that may properly come before said meeting, will be held on Wedbersky, January 15, 1832, at 710, 110, at room 16 Le Droit Building. JOSEPH FACUL Secretary.

MEDICAL ELECTRICIAN. All Chranic Diseases scientifically treated, ma aria especially. Office hours 9 n. m. to 12 m., and 2 p. m. to 8 p. m. Consultation free. nos 1425 NEW YORK AVENUE.

DR. ISAAC NICHOLS & CO.'s AMERI-can Remedy for sale 439 Ninth street northwest. Room No. 1, over W. R. Riley's dry-goor's store. Liberal discount to the trade. I. C. RINGWALT, ir. Sole Agent for Washington.

DIAMOND-POINTED MACKINNON PEN the most durable, simply-constructed an best invented, taking precedence of all later lim ations. Sold by Geo. R. Herrick, 928 F street. IF YOU WOULD AVOID CHILLS AND
Yevers, Ague and Fevers, Billous Fevers
and other diseases incident to the season, take
BROWNING'S BITTERS and you will surely escape them.

cape them.

BROWNING'S BITTERS have been in use for over twelve years, and no person was ever known to have child or billous fevers while using these filters. For sale by dingrishs and grocers—over ally:

BROWNING & MIDDLETON, PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS, 610 Pennsylvanis Avenue.

PANCY BOTTLES. COLOGNE TOLLET ARTICLES. WM. B. ENTWISLE'S PHARMACY.

Corner Twelfth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS. THEATRE COMIQUE.

MONDAY, JANUARY 16.
Nightly and Tuesday and Friday Matinees.
The greatest combination ever seen in this city The greatest combination ever seen in this city.
Engagement of
Harry M. Black, Morton & Camady, Kavana &
Mark, Baparks Boo, Rebecto Dally, Bashhuan
& Hume, C. McDonald, Bick Microsco, Killy
Gardener and the full Cambing Company,
JAKE BUDD appears this work in
A BIG MISTARE.
The greatest attraction ever seen in this city.

THAT

RAZOR

keenest edge and holds it where for our star com tone for our six where for our six COMBINATION HONES AND STRAP, com ting two Hones and two Straps, out Tic. without doubt the flext Strap hade.

O'MEARA'S Sporting Bazaar, 1347 PA. AVE., near Willard's Hotel, WASH; INGTON. D. C

NEW STOCK Lated Bedgins WALL PAPERS, JULY PRESE, THE STOCK Lated Bedgins WALL PAPERS, Toffany, Marks Dresser and Others. Sole Again for Butter's English Deceative Gill and Frence WALL PAPER, Window Shades, Mattings, &c. W. P. CLARK, IIII P St. Nor

W. H. VEERHOFF, Dealer to Wall Papers, Window Saats, Ficts Sic SEVENTH STREET SOFFEEDER

THE DEPARTMENTS.

THE NATIONAL BANK NOTES received or redemption to-day amounted to \$360,-

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TO DAY: Internal revenue, \$380,523.76; customs, \$310,500.40.

THE Wachusetts has arrived at Nanaimo, B.C., on her way from Sitka, Alaska, to San Francisco. FIRST LIEUT. THOMAS W. SYMONS, corps of engineers, has been ordered to this city on public business.

Col. Ament has made a report to Gen. Wright, chief of engineers, on the Potomac River. He has made a survey of the harbors of Georgetown and Washington and submitted a plan for reclaiming the Potomac flats, the substance of which has been published.

A RUMOR is current about the White House as we go to press that John D. Defrees has sent his resignation to the President. Our reporter had not time to hunt the rumor down so as to state positively as to its truth, but it seems to come from a reliable source, and is generally believed. Certain it is that a change can not come too roon for the good of the Government or for the people employed in the office.

It is STATED that the President will de-cline to sign the Census Deficiency bill on the point raised by the First Comptrollar of the Treasury that its provisions cannot be executed on the ground that the Gov-ernment cannot recognize the power of at-torney given on a claim before it is due. The President wants to sign the bill and will consider it carefully and thoroughly before vetoing it, if such a step should prove necessary.

PERSONAL.

GEORGE McGEE, ex-sheriff of Philadel-Miss Emma Harr, of Booneville, Ind., is making an extended visit to Mrs. Cutler,

making an extended visit to Mrs. Cutler, on Third street northwest.

Col. T. L. CASEY, U. S. A. has been elected a director of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

Hon. A. B. Hamilton, of Indiana, Ohio, a member of the Republican State Central Committee of that State, is in the

city.

REV. 6. L. PHILLIPS, of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, was killed by a falling tree at Ellenburg, Clinton County, New York, Wednesday.

Mrs. B. M. Nicholson, a highly re-pected lady of Chesterfield County, Va., died Tuesday from inhaling chloroform while seeking relief from neuralgia.

WEST WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

A Musical Treat. A Musical Treat.

The beauty and fashion of both cities—if indeed we still exist as two cities—will turn out to-night to greet the first public appearance this season of the Georgetown Orchestra, at Curtis' Hall. In the way of music the amateurs of the old town have shown a zeal which could well be patterned after by Washington, there being in successful operation not only the Amateur Orchestra, but a well-organized vocal society.

The rumored case of small-pox in an alley between Prospect avenue and N street, and Thirty-faurth and Thirty-fifth streets, proves on investigation to have been chicken-pox, there being three cases of that disease in the house at present.

Hunt the Rascal Down. A colored scoundrel has for some time past been exciting the indignation of the residents in the vicinity of N and Thirtieth streets by indecent exposure. He was caught at his tricks again this morn-ing by a lady in that neighborhood, but unfortunately made his escape while she went to the house of a gentleman near by to give an alarm. Pistois are kept loaded for him, and he will fare badly should he be seen by any of the male portion of the community.

Business Enterprise.

A number of our pushing business men are having built at the yard of the Jackson-Sharp Co., Wilmington, Del., what will prove to be one of the finest tug-boats ever seen on our river. Her dimensions are length, 85 feet; beam, 19 feet; depth of hold, 9 feet; she will have a 22-inch cylinder surface condenser.

Messrs. Neafle and Levy, of Philadelphia, are builders of the engine and boiler. This tug has been lauched and is now receiving her machinery. She is called the Heary C. Winship, in compliment to the energetic agent of the Consolidation and other coal companies; will be commanded by Capt. D. A. French and is expected to arrive here about March I.

Messrs. Gilmor. Meredith & Co., are also having built by Frolech & Co., of Buittmore, a 16-inch cylinder tug, to be called the Gilmor Meredith, for use in this port. She is also expected to arrive about March I, and will be commanded by Capt. George Ress, of the tug Fannie Gilbert.

Personal.

Personal.

We are glad to announce that Mr. Charles
A. Upperman, whose life was despaired of
a few weeks ago, is now much better, and
hopes are entertained of his ultimate recovery.

John B. Davidson respectfully informs his friends and the citizens of West Washington generally that he will hereafter be the agent of The EVENING Carrie in that place, and while thanking them for their liberal patronage to him while acting as agent for the Eresian Stor, hopes to meet with a continuance of the same in his new undertaking.

THE CERTIC will be served promptly to ny address by carriers at 35 cents per ionth.
Rooks for entering the names and ddresses for those desiring the paper and also for complaints of non-delivery, i.e., will be found at the following laces:

Places. C. H. Fickling's drug store, 1260 Thirty cond street.

G. B. Lockhart's drug store, corner hirty-second and O streets.

G. W. Cropley's drug store, 3977 M

R. B. Brace's drug store, 3991 M No. 1325 Thirtieth street.

HENRY A. WADE and Philip N. Hunger-ford, both colored officers of the Sons and Daughters and Brothers and Sisters of Moses, of the District, are charged with defaulting the Society out of some \$709, and were last hight arrested. The case was called in the Police Court this morning and was postpossed until to-morrow.

STILL AT IT.

SCOVILLE NOT DONE YET.

A Four-days' Talk for Guiteau-Try-ing to Prove Him Insane Sturs Upon the Prosecution-The Evi-dence Upon Which Scoville Relies to Prove Insanity.

"Another packed house," spoke one gau-tleman to another at the Court-house this

"I wish I was running this show and getting fifty cents a head for the audience. I don't think I would want any more money for some time.' "The star draws.well," spoke the second

gentleman, "and keeps up a steady run. It would make the manager of a theatre's heart glad to have houses like this for ten weeks. He would retire at the close of the season comfortably fixed."

The conversation continued and THE Carric passed on. It was a jam indeed in the chamber, and the efforts of the outsiders to gain admittance was almost des-perate, and came near settling into two or three fights, which required the strong persuasive powers of the police to suppress. The marshal colonized the audience as best be could, and had them pretty quiet when the court convened.

The counsel for the prisoner arrived

carly, and the jury came in at 10 o'clock, His Honor only a few minutes later; then the prisoner was brought in, and last came the Government's representatives.

Guiteau Happy.

Hardly had Guiteau got into the dockbefore he let loose his tongue on the recent
decision of the Court of Appeals of the
State of New York, and said that, in the
name of the American people and the
judiciary, he thanked those judges for that
decision.

Mr. Scoville Resumes.

Mr. Scoville Resumes.

Mr. Scoville then resumed his argument. He apologized for the time that he had consumed, and hoped that he would be able to conclude to-day; but did not know whether he would or not.

He proceeded to call the attention of the inry to what the witnesses swore to of the transaction on the 2d of July last. He referred to the testimony of Mr. George W. Adams, to the effect that after the shot was fired Guiteau said that "it was all right" and ran almost into the arms of a policeman. He did not seem much excited, but rather cool. Mr. Adams' only reason for supposing the prisoner was the man that fired the shot was because the officer seized him. He next called their attention to the testimony of Officer Kearney to the effect that as he entered the door the prisoner came to him with something in his hand, saying that he wanted to send that letter to Gen. Sherman. The officer declined to let him go until he found who had fired the pistol shots.

There was nothing in the appearance of the prisoner from the B-street door until they reached the register in the large room, and then they did not know who fired the shot. It was not until the officer got him out to the curb that he said: "I did it and will go to jail for it.

Davidge. "Why did you not call the witness yourself. Nobody objected."
"If the other side," quietly replied Mr. Scoville, "press me too hard, I will tell why I did not call Detective McElfresh and care other in the Government."

ome others in the Government employ."
"Don't scare us," laughingly put in the District Attorney.

"No, sir, I don't expect to," answered Mr. Scoville; "the counsel have become too much used to each other by this time to become frightened at anything that might be said."

Why don't you read the testimony of "Why don't you read the testimony of Carmacho? I notice that you passed it."
"I would not have spent as much time as I have in reading testimony, but Mr. Davidge in his argument did not read the testimony at all. He attempted to quote it and did so incorrectly."
"I had not four days to do it in," shot back Mr. Davidge.

"I had not four days to do it in," shot back Mr. Davidge.

"Just half of it."

"Well, we will not quarrel about that."

Mr. Scoville said that he had called attention to the condition of the man and his conduct at the time the act was committed, and when they considered the behavior of men executing insane delusions he had no dealst that this

conduct at the time the act was committed, and when they considered the behavior of men executing insane delusions he had no doubt that this man was insane when he shot the President. His coolness, calmness and deliberateness were in themselves sufficient to show his unsoundness of mind. What same man could believe that the people would pass ever any written explanation that he could make.

After reading the letter to Gen. Sherman, the speaker said that the prisoner had thought that Gen. Sherman upon getting this letter would order out his troops, visit the jail, see him and in a few days the whole matter would blow over.

"If Your Honor please," interrupted the prisoner, "can't this window be shut. It is cool for the ladies, and I understand some of them are complaining."

Mr. Scoville, continuing, said that he defied any one upon reading the letter to Gen. Sherman to pronounce it the production of a same man. It showed undoubted evidence of insanity and should be used to demonstrate the fact.

In the papers that the prisoner had prepared for publication no other expression in connection with the killing of the President would be found except the word "removed," and that of assassination only appeared when Gen. Beynolds was called upon to testify. What was the prisoner's condition for ten days after the shooting they were unable to tell. None knew but the District Attorney, and he had found it convenient to suppress these interviews, and it was another of the specifications of the conspiracy to hang this man.

"That gives me a chance to say," yelled

Guitean on Porter.

"That gives me a chance to say," yelled out the assassin, "that I hear Porter is sick in his room. Thepe it will be a providence to keep him sick and send him down below. Then call for Corkhill."

"If it had not been for other evidence," said Mr. Scoville, resuming—
"Yee, Mr. Brooks" coming to my cell was providential." again yout in the prisoner.

"Corkhill came there and tried to draw me out. I told them a little about Delty—"

"I wish you would keep still." said Mr. Scoville: "I can't go on..."
"All right, go on."
"He keeps still for you," said the District Attornev in an undertone.
Mr. Scoville then started to read the testimony of Dr. Young, the jail physician, as to the condition of the prisoner, and stopped after reading a part of a sentence. "Why don't you read the rest?" asked Col. Corkill.
"I will read it," replied Mr. Scoville: "but it was volunteered and not in response to anything asked."
He said that he should not misstate any testimony. He would not do as the District Attorney did, clip out a part of a letter and permit the balance to be read. That was an unheard-of thing and Reflected on the Fairness of that Of-

Reflected on the Fairness of that Of-

when he proclaimed that he wanted an impartial trial.

"That gives me a chance to say," put in Guiteau, "that at one time I thought Dr. Young a fine fellow. He would come to my cell every day, inquire how I felt, take my temperature and do other things, but since he went on the witness stand he had not been there, which showed that he was ashamed of what he had said."

Mrs. Dunmire's Testimony.

Mrs. Dunmire's Testimony.

Mr. Scoville referred to Mrs. Dunmire's testimony, and said that while she thought the prisoner was sane she had adm'tted to Dr. Booker that after obtaining the divorce she thought she should have remained with him on account of his mental condition. "Find that testimony, please," said Col.

"Which?" asked Scoville.
"Which?" asked Scoville.
"Why, that where Mrs. Dunmire gave
the testimony you have just credited to her."
"I cannot; I am merely making a state-

"I cannot; I am merely making a statement."

"Oh, I thought so. Knowing your wish for fairness I called your attention to it."

"I admit that I make mistakes sometimes like Davidge did."

"More," put in Davidge.

"I should have finished this argument in two days had it not been that I wished this jury to understand this evidence as it really was and not accept a partial statement of it as made by the prosecution."

Scoville then went on and read the testimeny of Dr. Booker in contradiction of Mrs. Dunmire regarding what she had said as to the mental condition of her husband at the time she was seeking a divorce from him. The Government had interposed an objection when the witness was asked a certain question, because the same had not been put to Mrs. Dunmire. This they had a right to do.

The Government was right according to

been put to Mrs. Dunmire. This they had a right to do.

The Government was right according to the iron law, but not right according to their desire for justice; not according to their desire for justice; not according to the divine law. He should not have said a word if the other side had not called it out.

"I spoke of it because you were not stating a fact," said Col. Corkhill.

"He only did it to make a little capital out of it," put in Davidge.

"I did do it to make capital out of it," promptly answered Scoville.

"Then do it quick," shot back Davidge.

Why Scoville is in the Case.

Mr. Scoville said that he was not in the

There was nothing in the appearance of the prisoner from the time he was taken from the B-street door until they reached the register in the large room, and then they did not know who fred the shot. It was not until the officer got him out to the curb that he said: "I did it and will go to jail for it.

I am a Stalwart and Arthur is President."

He was then taken to Police Headquarters and searched. During all this time he wished the jury to remember that he was perfectly calm and bid the officers not to get excited in searching him, telling them that they had plenty of time to do it. He was more afraid of being hurt than anything else, and went to Police Headquarters very willingly. The officer had testified that he noticed nothing peculiar about the man's appearance or manner, and he did not appear unusually excited.

Mr. Scoville read from the testimony of Thos. H. Alexander and others as to Guiteau's conduct after the shooting to sustain his theory that I e must have been insane.

A This Between Counsel.

Referring to Detective McEifresh, he said that if there had been anything that could have been proved for the Government by Mr. McEifresh of the conversation with the prisoner going to jail, he would have been favorable to the prisoner going to jail, he would have been favorable to the prisoner.

"All that could have come out," said Mr. Davidge. "Why did you not call the witness yourself. Nobody objected."

"If the other side." quietly replied Mr. "If the other side." guietly replied Mr. "If the other side." guietly replied Mr. "If the other side." guietly replied Mr.

bad habits and practices should be in-culcated in all the young that found them-selves within its precincts. It was not strange that Guiteau made war upon these people when he left them, and there would have been some justice in it had he treated John H. Noyes as sometime later he treated the lamented Garfield.

The prosecution, with its telegraphic fa-cilities, had failed to show that the prisoner indulved in any immoral practice

cilities, had failed to show that the prisoner indulged in any immoral practice or did one immoral act while he was in that Community. It was not for them to show it, for they showed that he undertook to wage a war against them, and was only stopped on account of lack of sense and means to conduct it.

He then commented on the testimony of

means to conduct it.

He then commented on the testimony of Brooks and Keed, and was repeating that of the latter when the recess was taken.

Forty-five minutes' intermission was sgreed upon, but it was extended to nearly an hour before the court reconvened.

Mr. Scoville resumed his speech to the jury. He alluded to the charge that Guiteau was playing insanity and wished to know where was the testimony of a single witness who saw him at the jail who did not say that the prisoner appeared perfectly not say that the prisoner appeared perfectly honest and open in all that he said and done. It was out of all reason and perfectly absurd to say that the prisoner would foigu insently at the trial and never show any of

it at the jail.

If it was a sham, he would have carried If it was a sham, he would have carried it out in the prison in order to keep up the appearance. When Dr. Gray visited him first, he told the prisoner who he was and where he came from, and what he came for. Guiteau knowing all this, did not withdraw from him, but held an open and frank conversation with him. If he was feigning liminity, he would not have followed such a course, but taken quite a different one.

different one.

Mr. Scoville reviewed the testimony of
the witness and was still discussing the
insanity of the prisoner when our report
closed.

Mr. Reed Disgusted. "Your associate," said THE CRITIC meeting Col. Reed in the carridor of the Court-house, "made a miss of it yesterday in that reference to Arthur, Coukling and

"Yes," he answered; "I have hardly

"Yes." he answered; "I have hardly slept all night thinking over and regreting it. I had not the remotest idea that he contemplated doing such a thing."
"It will not help his casa." Certainly not. I cannot unite with him in that course and must condomn it, and I want the public to know that I do. Don't you see what a wide door he opens for Porter when he course to reply? Why, he will say, if this statement is true, and this man knew it and conforred with them, then he was saue. He has furnished the other side with a most powerful lover, and placed it in the

most powerful lever, and placed it in the hands of a man who will use it to the full-There is considerable talk and very serious comment upon his course."
"I suppose so. I am sorry that he did, and wish that he had not. I cannot indorse anything like that."

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Letters From Abroad Bemand for a Sixteenth Amendment Miss Conz-ens Replies to Scuators. Fully half an hour before the time of calling the Woman Suffrage Association to

order this morning, Miss Anthony, Mrs. Stanton and Mrs. Sheldon were on the stage and were actively enguged in reading over an immense bulk of correspondence received from all parts of the world from their sisters in the suffrage cause. The stately and dignified president, Mrs. Stanton, called the meeting to order, and stated that Miss Anthony would read a number of letters received in the morning mail. One letter read was from Caroline A. Briggs, of London, who gave an encouraging lookout in England

for the cause of suffrage.

Too Much Manhood Suffrage. Too Much Manhood Suffrage.

Mrs. Stanton made a short speech, in which she called upon all patriotic women in the country to read upon the subject of woman suffrage. She said it is frequently remarked that we have too much suffrage already. This she acknowledged to be the case, but said it was too much manhood suffrage, and it is increasing at a fearful rate—a great part of it coming from Castle Garden—and that suffrage is of the most vicious and ignorant character. To outweigh the influence of these ignorant and vicious voters the ballot should be given to the women who would purify it.

She commented in severe terms on the system of permitting ignorant foreigners the right to vote a few months after their arrival in this country. "If the women of this country," continued Mrs. Stanton, "want our glorious institutions protected, they should rise up and demand that their voice be heard."

The Voice of Indiana.

The Voice of Indiana. At the conclusion of Mrs. Stanton's ad-dress Miss May Wright Sewall, of Indians, submitted a report to the convention on the work done in that State. The fair lady

the work done in that State. The fair lady gave a most glowing account of the good accomplished since ahe made her last report—the Legislature having appointed a committee to take into consideration all questions touching woman's suffrage, and Gov. Porter having given them encouragement in various ways.

Wanted a Sixteenth Amendment.

The annual resolutions were then submitted and read. The second resolution was acted upon soon after being read, the object being to have it submitted to the Senate this afternoon. The following is the resolution:

Senate this afternoon. The following is the resolution:

Resolved, That the one pre-eminent duty of the Forty-seventh Congress is a submitta proposition for a Bixteenth Amendment to the Constitution which shall prohibit the several states from distranchising United States citizens on the ground of sex.

Miss Couzens Replies to Senators.

Miss Phæbe Couzens speke at some length to the resolution with reference to Senator Morgan's bill to deprive the women of Utah of the right of suffrage. She took up the Senator's speech from the Record, and thoroughly analyzed it, commenting in the most severe terms on the stand taken by him on the question of suffrage.

Miss Couzens also criticised Senators Bayard, Beck and Vest, on the arguments made by them in the recent discussion in the Senate, on the appointment of n committee to look into the woman's suffrage question. The convention at 12:30 o'clock took a recess.

took a recess. Afternoon Session. The convention reassembled at 2:30 and listened to speeches by Mesdames Wallace, Anthony and Lozier, and adjourned to meet at 7:45 this evening.

JUDGE LYNCH

Holds a Successful Term of Court in Holds a Successful Term of Court in Washington Territory.

OLYMPIA, Wasti. Ten., Jan. 19.—George B. Reynolds was assassinated yesterday near Scattle. William Howard and James Sulliyan were arrested and tried before a magistrate for the killing. The evidence against them was conclusive. As the examination terminated a vigilance committee forced its way into the court-room, overpowered the officers, and took the two men out and hanged them. The bodies were left surrounded by a crowd of several hundred people. The double lynching seemed to but whet the appetite of the vigilantes to but whet the appetite of the vigilantes for more, as they immediately proceeded to the Kings County jail, broke down the doors and took out Benjamin Payne, confined for killing a police officer, and hanged him alongside the others. The vigilantes threatened they would punish every highwayman arrested in a similar manner.

Burned to Death Lewis, Mo., Jan. 19.—Mrs. Smith, aged 43; Elizabeth Smith, aged 17; Rachel Smith, aged 13; Ellen Smith, aged 6, and Theodore Smith, aged 16, were all burned to death last night by a fire which destroy-ed their home.

The fourth annual report of Treasurer Gillian on the sinking-fund and funded debt of the District of Columbia was issued to-day, and makes a gratifying showing of the process of reducing the indebtedness of the District and improving its financial condition generally. The operations of the sinking-fund have resulted in the reduction of the principal of the bonded debt \$215,400 and the annual interest \$11.841.85. The principal of the leans of the District now outstanding is \$21.862.750. The estimate for the service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, is \$1.213,917.97.

The report contains the following recommendations: Indebtedness of the District.

1. That if the bouded delt has reached its maximum under existing laws, and no further increase thereof be contemplated, a permanent annual appropriation of \$1,213, 947.97, should be made for its extinguish

ment.
2. That 844,610 be made a permanent and awal appropriation for the interest and sinking-faud of the water bonds. Cumberland Coal Trade

Cumberland Coal Trade.

The shipments from the Cumberland coal region for the week ended Saturday, January 14, were 41,481 tons, and for the year to that date 68,842 tons, an increase of 6,945 as compared with the corresponding period of 18-1. The coal was carried to tide as follows: Baltimore & Ohio Rali-road, week, 33,837 tons; year, 54,237 tons; increase over 18-1, 2,955 tons. There have been no shipments to the canal this year, Pennsylvania Ralifroad, week, 7,444 tons; year, 14,237 tons; increase over 18-1, 6,652 tens.

Phosbe Couzens ande quite an impression on her hearers this morning at Lincoln Hall when delivering her great speech. In closing, she counseled all mothers present on no account to leave a thing undone to obtain the right to vote, and implored them before going home to purchase their bays clothing of B. Robinson & Co., No. 909 Pennsylvania avenue.

-Mrs. F. M. Alexander received a par-mit to day to build a brick dwelling on Tenth street, between Massachusetts ave-nue and L street, to cost \$1,500.

Three cases of alleged small-pea were reported to the Health office to-day, but on investigation all proved to be imaginary.

THE LEGISLATIVE NILL.

What It Ground Out To-day. In the Scuate to-day Mr. Blair presented petition from the citizens of the District of Columbia in relation to the alcoholic

iquer traffic in the District. Mr. Butler reported back Senate bill to enable the vestry of Ascension Church to sell in fee simple and convey the land in square 375, in the city of Washington, conveyed to said vestry, adversely, and the bill

was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Harris reported favorably Sanate bill to amend the act making appropriation to provide for the expenses of the Government of the District of Columbia for the

ment of the District of Columbia for the
fiscal year ending June 30, 1832, and for
other purposes approved March 3, 1831. It
was placed on the calendar.

81. Louis and San Francisco RailWay.

Mr. Hawley moved that the bill ratifying
the act of the general council of the Chopton National Laboratory.

the act of the general council of the Choctaw Nation of Indians, granting to the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Company right of way for a railroad and telegraph line through that nation, be recomitted to the Committee on Railroads.

Mr. Maxey, who introduced the bill, and secured a favorable report, proceeded to make a speech in favor of the bill. Mr. Coke also made a few remarks, after which Mr. Logan wanted to know if Congress had not made a treaty with the Indians by which it was agreed that no railroad could be built except by consent of the Indian.

Mr. Coke said if it had that it was inoperative, because the Government could not disposess itself of the right of eminent domain.

The debate was continued by Messes.
Hill, of Georgia, and Hawley, after which
the bill was recommitted.

Justice Hunt Retired.

Mr. Davis, of Illinois, asked that the funding bill be laid aside in order that he might call up the bill retiring Justice Hunt, of the Supreme Court, which was granted.

Mr. Bayard thought a bad precedent was being set, but he would nevertheless vote for the bill.

Mr. Davis claimed that the bill was more for the benefit of the whole country than for Justice Hunt, because until it was passed no other appointment could be made.

made.
The bill was passed by a vote of 41 to 14.

The bill was passed by a vote of 41 to 14.

In the House.

In the House.

In the House to-day a memorial from the Protestant Episcopal Church against polygamy was presented and read. Various private bills were reported. Among others was the claim of Georgia against the United States for expenditures during the revolutionary war, and the State of Marachusetts for coast defenses.

The Committee on Rules. The Committee on Rules.

The Robeson report on the Committee on Rules then came up as unfinished business, Mr. Belford, of Colorado, leading off with a lively speech ridiculing the whole business. Final action may be reached to-day, but it is doubtful.

but it is doubtful.

Capitol Notes.

A. C. Unkle was to-day appointed to a position in the House folding-room, and Franklin A. Jones to a position in the clock-room.

cloak-room.

Major Powell and Mr. Stephenson, of the geological survey, were before the House Printing Committee to-day, and explained matters pertaining to the publishing of their reports.

I. L. Ward, of New York, appeared before the House Committee on the Judicing yeaterday, and was heard on behalf of the insurance companies for the distribution of the Genova award.

The matter of pay to the employee of the

The matter of pay to the employes of the Government Printing office, deducted during the Garfield holidays, was to-day referred to Mr. McClure, a sub-committeeman

ferred to Mr. McClure, a sub-committeeman of the Printing Committee of the House. The House Committee of the House. The House Committee of the House. The House Committee of the House and Means to-day informally discussed the advisability of speedy tariff legislation. The committee agreed to report favorably the bill to relieve the Philadelphia & Reading Railread of certain internal revenue taxation. A number of gentlemen interested in sugar legislation had private conferences with the members of the committee to-day. Several beads of divisions of the General Land-office appeared before the proper sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Public Lands and urged the need of a fre-proof deposit for the records of that office, and also represented the fact that the Interior building is not large enough for the various burtaus now located therein.

The Patents Committee of the House met

ons bureaus now located therein.

The Patents Committee of the House met to-day. The chairman, Mr. Thomas L. Young, announced the sub-committee as follows: Extensions—Messrs. Vance, Scrille, Ritchie, Jones, Shelly and Spooner. Claims Against the Government—Messrs. Farwell, Skinner and Turner. Revision of Patent Laws—Messrs. Ritchie, Caswell and Young. The committee will meet on Toosday of cach week.

The House District. Committee held as

day of each week.

The House District Committee held a short meeting to day, and authorized the sub-Committee on Judiciary to hear parties with reference to the legal provisions of the bill proposing to reclaim the river flats, as regards quieting titles and the condemnation of lands. Gen. Hunton will address the committee on the subject next Monday. Mr. Neal, the chairman, states that the object is to secure data for his forthcoming report, and will not particularly delay action on the bill by the House.

The House Committee on Railways and nction on the bill by the House.

The House Committee on Railways and Canals yesterlay took up the Housepan Canal bill, which proposes aroute to connect the Mississippi River and Lake Michigan, and in that connection heard an argument on the granting of the right of way for a similar route to the Michigan Canal Company, delivered by Mr. Willis. This gentleman is an engineer of long experience. Fifty-four years ago he drove the first stake for the route of the now powerful Pennsylvania Railroad. He was also connected with similar works along the Susquehanna The committee took no final action on the matter. The committee also informally discussed the various petitions received protesting against freight rates.

The Committee on Claims, of the Heuse.

received protesting against freight rates.

The Committee on Claims, of the Heuse, held a meeting to-day and passed a resolution to the effect that "this committee has no objection to Mr. Haskell's resolution, presented in the House on yesterday, that all matters concurring Indian depredations, heretofore referred to this committee or hereafter introduced, shall go to the Committee on Indian Affairs." Also, another resolution "that whenever a sub-committee of this Committee on Chaims, on preliminary examination of a case, thinks there is doubt as to what committee should have jurisdiction of such case, the said sub-committee shall, before further action is taken in the case, refer the question of furisdiction to the whole committee."

National Board of Trade.

National Board of Trade remand its session at Willard's Hotel to-day. The special committee on bankruptcy legislation made a report industing the pravisions of what is known as the "Lowell bill," and the discussion of this question secupied the main part of to-day's session. A recess was taken at noon, and the members of the heard proceeded in a body to the White House and paid their respects to President Arthur, who received them conflailly and expressed great satisfaction at moeting them as representatives of trade and commerce of the country.

THE straw bail cases have been postponed antil 12 o'clock to-morrow.